## Building $7^{\text {th }}$ chords

Building $7^{\text {th }}$ chords is just like bulding our triads we build earlier. $7^{\text {th }}$ chords are the same stacked 3rds only you add one more so instead of just 1-3-5 we just add one more making the formula 1-3-5 -7 . Since we have one more note we have more possibilities as far as combinations go so we have major 7ths (maj7: 1-3-5-7), dominant 7ths (7: 1-3-5-b7), minor 7ths (m7: 1-b3-5-b7), half diminished or minor $7^{\text {th }}$ b5 (m7b5: 1-b3-b5-b7), and finally fully diminished (dim7: 1-b3-b5-bb7). For example, Cdim7 I know that if I build a Cmaj7 it'd be a 1-3-5-7 in C major (C-E-G-B) so all I do know is add in my flats and we will have C-Eb-Gb-Bbb (yes double flats work!)

Bbmaj7

Fm7

E7

Dm7b5

Gmaj7

Ddim7

Ebm7

Abm7b5

Cm7

Bb7

